

Year group	1	Term	Spring	Challenge Pack	All About Animals- Can we plan an animal safari event for our families?	
SUBJECT FOCUS	Children will learn about / will know (Declarative knowledge)			Children will know how to (Procedural knowledge)	Prior learning (Schemata)	Vocabulary
History	Mary Anning - discovering dinosaurs Why are people fascinated by the past? How can curiosity lead to a lifelong journey of discovery? What is an Archaeologist? How do they find out about the past? Mary's story Can you name some animals that are now extinct? Know dinosaurs are no longer alive. Saber-toothed cat, Wooly Mammoth, Dodo. Great Auk, Black Rhino. How do we know extinct animals actually existed? Fossils, bones, cave paintings, photographs. Which people are famous for recording information about animals? How have animals changed over the years? Which animals look similar? LINK TO SCIENCE Evolved to survive. Saber- tooth cat- Tiger, Wooly Mammoth- elephant, dodo- turkey, Great Auk- Penguin. Black rhino- grey rhino.		nated by the past? How can elong journey of discovery? What How do they find out about the animals that are now extinct? o longer alive. Saber-toothed cat, b. Great Auk, Black Rhino. nct animals actually existed? aintings, photographs. bus for recording information about anged over the years? Which PLINK TO SCIENCE , Wooly Mammoth- elephant, dodo- iguin. Black rhino- grey rhino.	Start to ask why things might have happened in the past. Compare how something was different in the past to now. Describe how at least 1 thing has changed over a period of time and 1 thing has stayed the same. Compare how prehistoric and current animals have similar features. Sort animals to show which are still alive and which are extinct. Order animals on a timeline to show when they became extinct.	Year 1 Autumn Term Who is the current queen? How were homes different in the past? What is a memory? Compare and contrast. Early Years- Reception Magic Carpet- dinosaurs lived in the past. Family history in living memory. Significant events in their life, family days, Past/present, future, routines, passage of time, families, communities Significant events in their life- Birthday, celebration days,	Past/ present/ future Now then next Timeline Living memory Evidence Source Extinct Fossils Bones Palaeontologist
Geography	Polar I camels How h enviro Polar k long nu What i and ec (hot, c What a Spring	s, giraffes – near ave animals ad opears-grown hair ecks. is the weather li quator? old, snowy, warn are the four sea , summer, autun	e, Penguins- South Pole. Tigers, the equator. apted to the <u>climate</u> in their , penguins- fat blubber, giraffes- ike in the North Pole, South Pole n). sons in the United Kingdom?	Describe the weather and seasons in the UK. Locate hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles on maps and globes. Decscribe simple features of different countries e.g. North Pole- ice, water, Equator- hot, sand, tress.	Year 1 Autumn Name 4 countries in the UK and capital cities. Follow a map to a local place (library). Talk about different seasons and weather. Early Years- Reception Weather patterns, changes Our country and other areas in the world-dessert, arctic, forest, where we live, similarities and differences of their own immediate environment and natural environment.	Habitat Map Globe Equator North pole South pole Climate Adapted Environment Weather features
RE	Know Christi that fo God a	the story of East ans believe that r Christians, Jes nd love others.	ter to Christians? er from the Bible. Know that Jesus is the Son of God. Recognise us gives instructions on how to love a, symbols of new life, forgiveness	Recognise religious buildings Identify aspects of practise in a religion. Identify symbols from a religion. Recount elements of religious stories.	Year 1 Autumn Exploring how and why the festivals of Eid, Diwali & Christmas are celebrated. Considering what Christians believe God is like. Looking at Holy books.	Easter – Jesus, cross, new life, resurrection Prophet, Allah, Muhammed (PBUH)

	What can we learn from the stories of the Prophet? Know that Muslim's follow Allah (God). Know that for Muslim's prophet means God's messenger. Recognise that Muslims believe that Muhammed (PBUH) is God's messenger and that Muslims learn a lot from the stories of the Prophet.	Give examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in Church worship at Easter. Discuss and ask questions about whether the story of Easter only has something to say to Christians or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammed (PBUH). Give examples of how Muslims use the stories about the Prophet (PBUH) to guide their actions and beliefs (e.g. caring for animals) Discuss what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, etc and whether that has something to say to them too (e.g. pupils may think it is important to care for animals).	Early Years – Reception Exploring what being special means - special occasions (like birthdays, festivals including Christmas, Easter, Diwali & Eid), special places, and special stories. Starting to think about what God means to Christians.	
Art	 Remind the children about what they learnt in autumn as they use their sketch books to develop ideas. Use Henry Moore's sheep sketch book for inspiration. Sketch animals. Use photographs of different types of animals NOT drawings Which tools and materials are best for the task? Choice of materials. Properties for purpose. Watercolour, poster paint. Different sized brush tips. How have artists represented animals in their work? Which do you like and why? Henri Rousseau – Tiger n the storm. Produce a large class piece based on Rousau's Surprised using an animal of your choice. Class could use art skills to layer different media or paint using colour mixing to create a habitat for an animal of choice. 	 A2.1a Record and explore ideas from first hand observation, experience and imagination. A2.1bKnow that artists are an important part of society A2.1c Name some artists A2.1d Select ideas from a studied artist to use in their own work A2.4b Begin to know the best ways to join and stick a range of natural and manmade materials to make sculptures and collages 	Year 1 Autumn Drawing and Sketching. Pastels-oil and chalk Photography Self portraits Collage	Sketching, observation, tools, outline, shade, dark, light, shade, line, marks, crosshatch Henry Moore Henri Rousseau Aborigine Harriet Mead Sculpture/sculptor primary and secondary colours. Paintbrush-round tip, flat tip. Poster/acrylic paint. Clay, impression, tile
	Aboriginal animal artwork – google this for lots of lovely images. Animal outline on black sugar paper then pattern work using simple printing tool or finger prints for dots. Harriet Mead – sculptor -scrap metal artist. Link to animal tiles. <u>http://harrietmead.co.uk/</u> Make animal 'portrait' tiles- roll out airdrying clay, make template for animal head. Transfer to clay and cut around. Decorate by pressing in objects-choosing from a range eg- fork, screw heads, bolts, bristles, similar to the materials Harriet uses to sculpt with. Dry and paint	A24.c Combine and explore texture to create an effect A2.3a know that primary colours mix to make secondary colours. A2.3c Know which brushes and tools to choose to work at different scales A2.3b Know that there are different types of paint- watercolour, poster paint/acrylic, and to explore these in practice.	Early Years- Reception Choosing colours, naming colours, using a range of tools.	A2.5a Demonstrate a growing art vocabulary to enable them to talk about their work and share it with others A2.5b Listen to the views of others and respond to ideas

	Ocean Sole – Kenyan collective producing work from			to improve their work.
	recycled flipflops. https://oceansoleonline.com/ How do I make different colours and shades? Poster paint/Acrylic. Different sized brush tips. Know that black and white make grey. Adding black to colours makes them darker. Adding colours to white makes them lighter. Know what a primary and a secondary colour is. In Forest school Take photographs of tree skeletons and our evergreens Make clay animal faces on the trees and decorate with twigs, stones and fallen leaves Look for animal tracks Make winter homes for animals	A2.3d Know that images can be repeat printed using a variety of block and mono printing techniques to make patterns and pictures A2.4a Know that clay or modelling materials can be manipulated by rolling, squeezing and using tools. Choose the best techniques for their model.		See overview for details
Design Technology	How can I parts to make a moving vehicle? Know some different types of card. Know the link between a design diagram, a model and the finished product. Know that we make things for a purpose.	Use my own ideas and experiences to generate a design idea Design ideas for a roleplay area, adding lables and resources needed. Choose appropriate materials and tools Cut out a range of materials Describe how well my outcome meets my original idea	Year 1 Autumn 3D library art work, including exploring a range of materials to evaluate which was most appropriate to use. Making prototypes, food- decorating cakes (enterprise). Early Years- Reception Children have explored a variety of materials, tools and techniques experimenting with colour design, texture form and function. Represent their own thoughts	Plan, label, diagram, model PVA glue, glue stick, masking tape, sellotape problem solving evaluate, design, rules, safety, structure, build, create, cut, join resources, materials,
Music	In what ways can we use our voice? Know the difference between singing, chanting, whispering, talking (how your voice and body makes different sounds). What are these instruments called and how can they be played? Know correct names for instruments studied. Know that different instruments are played in different ways. What is a beat compared to a rhythm? Know that a beat sets the pace and keep everyone playing at the same time. Use instruments and body parts to play collaboratively. Experiment with, create and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music, focussing on dynamics and tempo	 1.1 Use voice to speak, sing and chant 1.1a Make different sounds with voice 1.2 Clap short rhythmic patterns 1.3 Play an instrument to create sounds by using it appropriately 1.4a Choose sounds to represent different things 1.6a Respond to different moods in music 	Year 1 Autumn Use of voice Naming and understanding different instruments Understanding a beat Building a knowledge of a range of songs Early Years- Reception Followed a simple beat. Learnt how to sing together and when to stop. Silence and sound. Make music and experiment with ways of changing themselves	

	Perform, listen to and evaluate music across a range of traditions. Classical pieces – carnival of the animals			
ICT and Computing (including apps and digital pencil case)	Can I use a keyboard to write my name? Knowledge of computer parts and functions. What can I do to keep safe online? Explain how and why to stay safe using the computers and what to do if a problem occurs. Can I talk about what different keys do on a keyboard? Space, shift, return, delete.	Use the keyboard to write my name and other words Use the space bar and return keys to create spaces Type in notes or word, facts about turtles. Identify personal information that should be kept private online Jessie and friends planning.	Year 1 Autumn Simple instructions, beebots, human directions and Nina neurons. E-Safety SIDS top tips/Hector. Early Years- Reception EY- Operate simple equipment. Complete a simple programme. Autumn- Lee and Kims safety resources. Giving instructions and programming beebots.	Safety, personal information, capital, shift, return, line break, spaces, delete, save, text, picture, icon.
PSHE	 What are the 5 FIDES School values and how can we show these through our new Learning Challenge? F- share with family, I- insist on excellent work, D- raise money for endangered animals, E- research on iPads, follow planning tool, S- work shown at the event. What can I do to stay safe inside and outside of school? Safety –rules for animal man, trip to the safari park. What do animals need to be safe and thrive? Habitat, food, water, not hunted or hurt. Who can help injured or endanged animals? Charities such as the RSPCA, WWW, fire service in Australia. What does bullying mean? What should you do if you are being bullied? Words as well as physically being hurt. Tell a trusted adult. 	I can describe what values/ behaviours a person can show I can identify when working together is important I can identify ways that I could get help if I was in need I can practice short times of mindfulness or 'enjoying the moment' I can describe how it feels to be included	Year 1 Autumn Class rules, emotions and feelings, staying safe. Early Years- Reception Previous class rules and work on emotions and reflection.	Emotion vocab – see emotion coaching board. Positive behaviour rules. Common sense Safety guidance/warning Stranger, trusted, temptation, deceive Kerb, traffic, crossing, pavement, lollypop person, high visibility jacket. Thrive Charity
RHE	Relationships Education Caring friendships I know what to do if a friendship is making me unhappy I can discuss what I might do to make up with a friend if we fall out I can describe the importance of forgiveness and moving forward in friendships, and that sometimes friendships have ups and downs. Respectful relationships I can talk about behaviours that are unkind to others and the emotions that this may make them feel I can identify when someone has a different opinion to me and recognise that this is ok		Year 1 Autumn Positive family relationships Appreciation and respect that other families may look different from their own Understanding the value of kindness and what makes a good friend Online safety Body safety Mental health – what to do if worried Naming ways of being physically active School/class rules and routines	Friendship Respect Feelings Opinion Personal information Private Safe Bullying Healthy Diet Values

	Online relationships		Our community	
	Online relationships	Our community	Unique	
	I know to keep my personal information private from people of	Money recognition Similarities and differences to others	Equality	
	Delan est	Similarities and differences to others		
	Being safe			
	I can identify who to speak to if I feel unsafe with my body			
		Early Years- Reception		
	Mental wellbeing	Labelling feelings and emotions		
	Mental health		Conflict resolution	
	I can identify ways that I could get help if I was in need. I know who to talk to if I am worried.		Class rules	
			How to form good relationships	
	I can describe the importance of expressing emotions		Active listening – communicating	
	luterent enfetu and harmen		effectively	
	Internet safety and harms			
	I understand what bullying looks like in real life and online			
	Healthy eating			
	I can describe what constitutes a healthy diet			
	I can describe what constitutes a healthy det			
	Living in the wider world			
	Roles and responsibilities			
	I can explain how good values and behaviours can make son			
	Tean explain new good values and behaviours can make son			
	Communities			
	I know how to treat people the way we expect to be treated, v			
	authority			
	dutionty			
	Discrimination and diversity			
	I can identify what makes me unique			
	I can recognise that all people are equal, countless of gender	r, race and life choices		
PE	TENNIS TO MUSIC – Racket and ball skills	Move to music by responding imaginatively	Year 1 Autumn	Moving, stop, start, stretch, fast,
	I know that it is important to watch the ball into my hand,	Develop ball skills with a large ball (throwing,	Moving and travelling safely. Moving in	slow, high low, space, safely,
	onto a racket.	catching, rolling, kicking)	different directions and speeds.	safety.
	I know that a ball will travel in the same direction as the	outoning, roning, kicking)		ouroty.
	racket head is facing.	Play a game following a set of rules	Early Years- Reception	
	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	Work effectively with a partner to share ideas	Physical development- gaining self-	
	I know which hand I like to hold my racket in.		control over movements and co-	
	I know what the ready position is.	to problems	ordination. Moving confidently in a	
			range of spaces. Using and sharing	
	How is being active good for you?		different equipment in outdoor play to	
	Heart rate. Healthy. Exercise. Breathing.			
			play imaginatively.	