Challenge Pack

Reception

Me and My World

Learning Challenge

Can I find out about me and the people in my community who help us so that we can find a way to give back to our community?



Key texts-

Mr Gumpy's Outing
Bear about town
The Town and Country Mouse
Light House Keeper's lunch
Not now Noor
Coming to England

Coming to England Handa's Surprise The Kindest Red
What makes me, me!
Its ok to be different
Arti Beat likes to...
Three Billy Goats Gruff
Love Monster

You Choose Everyone Eats Rice

Queen Elizabeth book

My first Atlas

My Body

Hair Love

<u>Thinking and Learning skills and tools –</u> We use Building Learning Power and some thinking organisers to help us be good learners. We learn how to work independently and not give up even when we face a challenge.

The Proudest Blue



WWW EBI



Hooks or memorable experiences

Visits from people who help us

Fire service visit

Police

Nurse

• Librarian

Food bank volunteer

Walk around local area

dentist

visit to the local park coronation celebration

sports day

<u>Public Outcome –</u>

We want to give back to our local community by collecting for the local food bank.

We will organise a Mini MasterChef to celebrate a variety of ways to present food for everybody to try eating something new and healthy.

Concept Questions

- What is a community?
- Is school a community?
- Who are the people who help us?
- What is a Coronation?
- How can we keep ourselves healthy?
- Where does the king live?
- Where do we live in the UK?
- What is global Warming?
- Are all countries the same?

P4C questions

- Would you rather live in a town or the country? Why?
- Would you like it to snow all year round?
- Would you want to be part of the royal family?

Year Group R	Term	Summer	Challenge pack	Me and My World	
SUBJECT FOCUS	Children will kno		Children will know how to (Procedural knowledge)	Prior learning (Schemata)	Vocabulary
personal, social,	Family and Friends			Family and Friends	Listen, value, respect,
emotional development	what makes a person important to you.		describe the qualities of a person who is important to them.	What is a family and that some families are different.	wait, kind, express, confidence, behaviour,
	the similarities and differences between				emotion, sensitive,
Characteristics	their own lives a	and the lives of others	recognise and describe the similarities and differences	Caring Friendships	feelings, goals, reasoning,
of effective learning	using a rich ban	ık of vocabulary.	in their lives and the lives of others.	The power of kindness in society.	rules, wellbeing, confidence, co-operate,
how to begin to	Caring Friendsh	nips			resolve, healthy eating,
do things	the importance	of considering the		The importance of friendship and what	worry, danger, fear
independently	feelings of othe	rs.	the importance of being considerate to other people's	to do if a friendship is making them	
that they have			feelings.	unhappy	
been previously					
taught.	Internet safety			Respectful relationships	
		vould need to be taken if			
how to begin to	they feel unsafe	e when using the internet	follow the simple steps if they feel unsafe when using	The importance of telling the truth.	
respond to new	Baing safe		the internet.	The importance of working together and	
experiences	Being safe	of knowing who their		The importance of working together and the name for this is Collaboration.	
which help them to	The state of the s	of knowing who their when they are feeling	go to an identified adult if they feel worried or unsafe.	the name for this is collaboration.	
develop their	unhappy or uns		go to an identified addit if they feel worned of dissafe.	Internet safety	
learning.		oaie.		That not all popular internet sites are	
rearmig.	the Pants rule.			appropriate.	
how to begin to	line rants raic.		keep themselves safe and understand the PANTS rule.	арргоришее.	
make	how to stay safe	e around water		Being safe	
independent			keep themselves safe around water and what to do in	How to stay safe when using the	
choices.	Mental Health		case of an emergency.	internet for either education or	
	it is important to	o appreciate themselves		pleasure.	
developing a	as a valuable me	ember of society.	Identify their personal qualities and value themselves		
range of			as an important member of society.	Mental Health	
strategies to		th the transitional		How to identify how they are feeling and	
reach a goal	change in school	ol.	cope with change in a positive way, learning strategies	use the correct name to describe it.	
they have set			which will help them cope.		
themselves.	•	o express their feelings		Identify the changes that have happen in	
	in a constructive	e way.	manage emotions and develop a sense of self.	our life.	
reviewing and					
checking how	Health and Prev			Health and prevention	
well they are		of warming up and		what to do to keep themselves healthy	
doing to	cooling down be	efore and after exercise.	talk about exercise, healthy eating and the importance of sleep when making lifestyle choices.	and well.	

achieve their goal.	the importance of healthy food and lifestyle choices. Respectful relationships What the work 'truth' means and the importance of telling the truth. Know what rules are and why we have them.	say why it important to tell the truthsay what a rule is and the important role they play in society.		
communication and language Characteristics of effective learning guiding their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing.	Listening and understanding Know question words such as who, what, why, when and where and can use them to ask questions to clarify their understanding to engage in class discussions by listening carefully and responding with action and words. to listen carefully and respond to a story using actions and words.	ask and answer a range of different questions to help them clarify their own and others understanding. express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear.	Listening and Understanding How to use a how, why, when question to clarify their understanding. Listen and respond using actions comments to respond to a story. Speaking How to engage in an exchange of back and forth conversation with peers and adults.	Sentence, story, rhyme, humour, joke Why, where, when, what who Listen, wait, look, retell, actions, story map, pattern, links, similar, different, repetition past, present, future
explaining their own ideas while in pretend play.	new and appropriate vocabulary and how to speak in a full sentence during small group or one to one correspondence. the importance of using the correct past, present and future tense when talking about future or past events. Children can offer an explanation extending their explanation by using new vocabulary.	develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. develop an in depth explanation using specific and new vocabulary.	Begin to speak in full sentences and to use them during whole, small group or one to one correspondence. The importance of using the correct past, present and future tense when talking about their own experiences. How to offer explanations for why things might happen using recently introduced vocabulary.	

physical development Characteristics of effective learning participating and predicting familiar routines. using a range of strategies to achieve a goal they have set themselves. responding and exploring a range of new experiences.	Athletics the differences between sprinting and jogging. the need to use their arms to run faster how to pivot to change direction quickly Can I make different shape jumps? how to take off and land on two feet. the names of some different shaped jumps like star, straight and half tun. how to jump for height and distance the need to use my arms to jump how to land safely, bending my knees Fine Motor how to use small tools correctly including pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.	Athletics Running: explore running and stopping safely. Jumping: begin to explore take-off and landing safely, explore jumping and hopping safely. Throwing: explore throwing at a target. Dance Actions: explore how my body moves. Copy basic body actions and rhythms. Dynamics: explore actions in response to music and an idea. Space: begin to explore pathways and the space around me and in relation to others. Performance: perform short phrases of movement in front of others. to use small tools safely and correctly to create an effect.	Sending and Receiving Can I move safely and stay in a space? Understand what is a space. Understand that I need to move into space and be careful of others in order to be safe Can I throw and catch? I know that the ball will go in the direction of my open hand. I know that I need to have an open hand to catch. I know that it is important to watch the ball into my hand, or onto my foot Can I throw an object at a target? Understand that I need to look at the target as I throw How does exercise affect my body? Notices that breathing gets louder, faster and heavier, body feels hotter, face may go redder. Fine Motor How to use small tools correctly including scissors cutlery and paint brushes. How to hold a pencil correctly.	Safe, careful, choose, challenge, cutting, snipping tools, rolling, throwing, catching, balancing, obstacles, negotiating space, experimenting, jump, roll, climb, kick, move, twist, tiptoe, turn, pivot, curl, reach, freeze, team, instructions, stretch
Writing/reading Characteristics of effective learning planning and thinking ahead. developing goal-directed behaviour.	Comprehension recognise key events in a story and begin to link them to other stories. blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter— sound correspondences. read common exception words sure, pure, said, when, do, so, what, like, some, come, love, one, were, here, little,	listen to and talk about stories making links through key eventsread individual letters by saying the sounds for themread CVC words with fluencyread and recognise taught tricky wordsblend sounds using new digraphs and trigraphs into words	Comprehension How to retell a familiar story using their own words. Start to anticipate key event in stories. The key features of a non fiction book. the different purposes of text. To start a sentence with a capital letter	Curl letters, line family letters, bouncy letters, bouncy letters, zig-zag letters phonics, phoneme, sticky sounds, grapheme, syllables, tricky words, diagraphs, tri graph, talking hands, blend, break up, point and sweep, sentence, question, full stop, question mark,

having perseverance to keep on trying when things are difficult. checking on how well they are doing on a task	says, there, out, what, today, children, know, off, its, have one. form lower-case and capital letters correctly. spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. read common exception words that match the school's phonic programme. read words with fluency and build up their confidence. check for mistakes in their sentences e.g. looking for missed words or full stops write simple phrases and sentences that can be ready by others. write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.	write and read simple captions and sentences use capital letters, finger spaces and a full stop. form most letters correctly. write name their independently listen to and understand a story told to a large group. begin to use adjectives in their writing use different punctuation such as full stops, question marks and exclamation marks.	Read some common exception words – was, my, we, be, me, her, you, all, are said, when, do, so, some, come, one, were, have there, out, like little what. How to write simple sentences using known letter-sound correspondence, How to read simple sentences and books that have the previously learnt phonic sounds in.	exclamation mark, letter, list, capital letter, re-read, blend, fiction, non-fiction
Number Characteristics of effective learning beginning to do things independently which they have been previously taught.	how to represent a quantity of objects by selecting the correct numeral. numbers to 20 and place them in the correct order. subject related vocabulary used to describe an amount; more, fewer, least, equal what add and subtract means when working with two single-digit numbers using quantities of objects.	match a numeral to a quantity count reliably with numbers from 0 to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. use quantities and objects, to add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.	Where each number sits on a number line up to 10. How to use a tens frame-to know that each number has a value. Count objects, actions and sounds. Subitise up to 10 – using their skills to know the amount without counting. simple mathematical words to make comparisons when looking at differences e.g. more, fewer, equal.	Count, match, number, next, one more, one less, fewer, many, addition, add, more, plus, subtraction, take away, minus, less, equals, same as, left, altogether, estimate, guess, compare, check, objects first, then now. Subitising, tens frames estimate, double, equal to, same as, number bonds,.

beginning to correct their mistakes themselves. planning and thinking ahead. developing goal directed behaviour.	number bonds up to 5 and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.	identify number bonds to 5 and some to 10 recall some double facts. explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10; including odds and evens and how quantities can be distributed equally.	How to look at similarities and differences so that they can begin to sort into group with a clear explanation using why and how	
using a range of strategies to reach a goal set by themselves. Noticing and correcting their own mistakes				
understanding the world Characteristics of effective learning making choices and exploring	My World the names and buildings of local places that they visit; park, library, supermarkets, mosque, Gurdwara and churches. their school and the local community	recognise and name key local places of interest and importance to themselves. talk about key local places of interest and explain how they are important to the local community.	How things change and why things change, Name the four seasons. How to recognise the characteristics of	Park, library, supermarket, Asda, Morrisons, Tesco, Sainsburys, school mosque, gurdwara church, changes, communities, families, traditions, region, UK transport, car, train,
different resources and materials. planning ahead about how the explore or play	the similarities and differences between themselves; families, communities and traditions. the name and region of where they live	identify changes that have occurred over time to their school and local area. name different communities which they belong to Talk about how they fit into different communities.	different weather in the UK. How to name the different types of weather. The stages in growth within humans, animals and insects.	lorry, scooter, motorbike, farm, tractor, fields, feed, hunger, thirst, discomfort, pain, disease, injury, normal behaviour, fear, distress. Move, eat, drink, grow, senses, Countryside,
with objects. making independent choices.	in the UK. British values about past and current history linked to	explore similarities and differences between themselves, families, communities and traditionsexplain what British values are and why they are	Know the names of young farm animals. How some materials can change statemelting, freezing, wet and dry.	town, seasons, similar, capital city, different, religion, culture, British values, United Kingdom, England, London, Queen,
doing things independently which they	the Kings coronation. London is the capital city of the UK	important to their community. explain the importance of the Kings Coronation and what happens.	o, 11 o, 11 and 11,	King past, present

have been	the names of different types of		1	
have been	the names of different types of	was the conital situation of LUZ		
previously	transport used in the town and in the	name the capital city of UK		
taught.	country.	say who is the king of England and the role he will play in the coronation.		
	some of the effects of global warming is	in the coronation.		
using their own	having on nature.	use the correct name for different types of transport		
interests and	Inaving on nature.	and say whether they are found in a town or the		
fascinations to	Me	country.		
help them	what is meant by the word community	country.		
learn.	what is incarit by the word community	describe how a community is formed		
rearm.	the names of the different professions	describe now a community is formed		
developing a	who help us in the community; police,			
range of	fire brigade, doctors and nurses,	keep themselves fit, healthy and happy.		
strategies to	librarians, shop assistants and dentists.	and hoppy		
achieve a set	and derivation	name the different professionals who help them		
goal.	what things they need to do to keep			
	themselves healthy, routines for sleep,			
persevering	hygiene and how to express emotions.			
when things	, ,			
become	what it means to eat healthy.			
difficult.	,			
	the benefits of regular exercise			
how their				
actions have an				
effect on the				
world.				
expressive arts	the primary colours and that these can	use paint to create a landscape.	How to create a class song for changes.	Monet, garden, like,
Characteristics	be mixed together to create a different			dislike, explore, artists,
of effective	shade,	describe the work of the artist Monet.		similarities, differences,
learning	the new conditions in the		The importance of preparation for a	thoughts, emotions,
	the names and techniques of some	use pastels to create cityscapes.	performance in front of an audience.	improve, colour, texture,
making choices	famous artists.	describe the work of Stanban Wiltshire	How to miv primary solarized point	describe, paint, landscape.
and exploring	that expressing their thought about	describe the work of Stephen Wiltshire.	How to mix primary coloured paint together to create a different colour or	Cotton buds, sugar paper, bright coloured paints,
different	somebody else's work is important.	use colour, texture and line in a landscape and city	shade	impressionism, founder,
resources and	Somebody else's work is important.	scape in the style of Stephen Wiltshire	Silude	outdoors, scene, light,
materials.	Beat and that songs have a beat	draw famous London Landmarks.		seasons, bold,
	Seat and that songs have a seat		The names and techniques of some	brushstrokes
planning and	that different media can be joined	name a few famous landmarks in London.	famous artists.	landscape, cityscape,
thinking ahead	together in different ways.		That expressing their thought about	building, pastels, colour,
about how they		talk about the similarities and differences between	someone else work is important.	light, reflection, stormy,
will explore or	that time to create a piece of art is	Monet and Wiltshire art and techniques.		sunset, shape, sky, clouds,
play with items.	important.	7, 7	How to follow a simple beat in a song.	Impressionism, Waterloo
	·		į, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	impressionism, waterioo

making people are creative when they express ... sing songs, make music and dance in tune to the Bridge, Charing Cross That different media can be joined independent themselves in lots different waysmusic. together in different ways. Bridge, Houses of choices. making things, painting and drawing, Parliament, smudge. singing songs, role playing. ...how to follow a simple beat in a song. that time to create a piece of art is texture, line, landscape, responding to important. style, describe, artist, new to use their experiences and what they ...use what they have learnt about media and materials water pots, paintbrushes, experiences. learn to help imagine new stories and in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. thick, thin, round, flat, experiences. That people are creative when they bright, colours express themselves in lots different Stephen Wiltshire, 3D, developing ways- making things, painting and draw, pencils, black pens, their own drawing, singing songs, role playing. template, square paper, interests and lines, straight, angle, fascinations to That we can use our experiences and bright colours, names of help them in what we learn to help us imagine new their learning. stories and experiences. famous London landmarks, London developing goal Songs, rhymes, dances, directed stories, imagination, behaviour. developing, combining, mixing, primary colours, taking part in performance, audience, simple pretend show. play to think beyond the here and now to understand another perspective. coming up with their own ideas confidently. making links between stories, songs, poems and rhymes. managing their distractions so that they can achieve a planned goal.

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